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30 Children Die In Israeli Raid, Egypt Reports

CAIRO, April 8 (AP)—Thirty pupils were killed and about 40 others wounded when Israeli Phantom planes bombed a primary school in Shalwa Province 20 miles west of the central area of the Suez Canal, the Ministry of the Interior here said today.

An announcement said 11 other civilians were wounded in the attack, which the ministry said occurred early in the afternoon. The announcement was broadcast by the Cairo radio.

Meanwhile, a military command communiqué quoted by the radio reported that four military personnel were wounded in an Israeli air raid by Phantom jets on the central zone of the canal.

Sisco Begins Trip To Middle East

WASHINGTON, April 8 (NYT)—The administration's top Middle East negotiator, Assistant Secretary of State Joseph J. Sisco, left today for quick visits to Arab capitals and Israel to pursue the drive for greater flexibility in the long stalled peace-making efforts.

Announcing his trip only a few hours before his departure by plane, the State Department said Mr. Sisco has scheduled talks with government leaders in Egypt, Cyprus, Israel, Jordan and Lebanon before attending a conference of American ambassadors of the region in Tehran on April 20.

Red Loss Put At 1,290 in 9-Day Siege

SAIGON, April 8 (UPI)—Defenders of the Dak Seang Green Beret camp have killed 1,290 North Vietnamese attackers and "are past the crucial period," their American commander said today.

It appeared the nine-day siege was ending in a costly Communist defeat.

A U.S. Army helicopter carrying four Green Beret replacements landed at the base, 290 miles northeast of Saigon today, and Cambodian mercenaries led by Australians were reported within sight of the base. It was the first helicopter landing in a week.

Allied officials at the Green Beret command post at nearby Tan Canh gave the figure of 1,290 North Vietnamese dead since the siege began on the night of March 31 and said allied losses were 42 dead and 142 wounded.

The defenders are mostly troops of the Civilian Irregular Defense Group, led by a handful of U.S. Special Forces men.

Underground Defenses
"The defenses of the camp are underground," said Lt. Col. John Hennigan. "The superficial (above-ground) structures have been obliterated, but they (the defenders) are firing their own artillery."

Military spokesmen estimated that as many as 10,000 North Vietnamese troops had poured into the area from nearby Laos and surrounded the camp's estimated 3,000 defenders with artillery, mortars and rockets.

The attack was accompanied by a series of assaults at widely scattered points in South Vietnam, many of them near the Cambodian border, apparently as part of a strategy for springing offensives. But the Dak Seang attack has been the

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INFERNO IN OSAKA—Flames roaring through buildings in crowded residential and commercial section of Osaka after an underground gas explosion yesterday.

12 Miles From Expo 70

Osaka Gas Blast Kills 88, Injures 307, Razes 30 Houses

TOKYO, April 8 (Reuters)—A huge gas explosion today shattered a densely populated area of Osaka, killing at least 88 people and injuring 307 others. Flames shot 100 feet into the air as the gas caught fire and raged through the closely packed

wooden homes lining the street, about 12 miles from Expo 70, site of Japan's world fair.

Fire spread through an area of 2,400 square yards and burned more than two hours, destroying at least 30 houses before firemen brought it under control.

The blast caught pedestrians in the afternoon rush hour. Women and children were among the dead. Many suffered serious burns.

The blast occurred under a roadway where construction men were working on an underground railway extension. Heavy steel plates covering the roadway were flung into the air, parked cars lifted off the ground, windows shattered over a vast area, and people bowled over on the pavement.

Police said the explosion occurred soon after a gas leak was reported and local residents were told to leave their homes. A gas company car on its way to repair the leak caught fire as it neared the scene.

As firemen fought the huge blaze, ambulances ferried the injured to hospitals. Officials reported that many died before reaching hospitals. Some construction workers died when they were trapped below ground level.

Fire officials said tonight they are searching below ground for workers who may be trapped. But there is little chance that anyone is still alive.

Prime Minister Eisaku Sato tonight ordered Industry Minister Kiichi Miyazawa to Osaka to head an investigation.

18 Killed, 9 Buried
SEOUL, April 8 (Reuters)—A five-story apartment block collapsed here today, killing at least 18 people. Nine others are feared buried under tons of concrete debris.

Police said 14 people are in hospitals, some with serious injuries.



THROUGH THICK AND THIN—Svetlana Alliluyeva and her husband, William W. Peters, cutting their wedding cake following their marriage ceremony in Phoenix, Ariz.

Second Stunning Rebuff for Nixon

Senate Rejects Carswell For High Court, 51-45

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, April 8 (WP)—The Senate today dealt President Nixon a second stunning rebuff on Supreme Court nominations when it rejected Judge G. Harrold Carswell of Florida for the post of associate justice. The vote was 51-45.

It was the first time in this century that a President has had two nominees rejected by the Senate. Last November his nomination of Judge Clement F. Haynsworth, Jr., of South Carolina, was defeated by a 55-45 vote.

Before a packed, tense gallery holding the largest crowd in ten years, according to Senate veterans, and with Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew in the chair ready to cast a tie-breaking vote if needed, the Senate clerk began calling the roll on the nomination.

When he reached the name of Marlow W. Cook, a freshman Kentucky Republican, who had been a strong backer of Judge Haynsworth, the audience gasped as Sen. Cook firmly said, "No." In the tight race which both sides had said would be decided by one or two votes, Sen. Cook's opposition to the nominee meant his defeat and the audience knew it.

More Gasps

A few moments later, there were added gasps as Sen. Winston L. Prouty, R., Vt., and Sen. Margaret Chase Smith, R., Maine, also voted "No."

These three votes, it had been thought, might have gone either way and decided the nomination. But they all went against the 50-year-old Florida Re-



Judge G. Harrold Carswell

publican Judge. Several GOP spokesmen said later they knew the nomination was beaten last yesterday when they heard how Sen. Cook intended to vote.

President Nixon was "disappointed" by the Senate's rejection of the Carswell nomination and will select another candi-

date for the Supreme Court in due course, the White House said.

Mr. Nixon spoke with Judge Carswell by telephone at his home in Tallahassee, Fla., a few minutes after the Senate vote.

"The President said he held Judge Carswell in high regard," he hoped he

would stay on the Fifth Circuit Court and Judge Carswell told the President that he would remain on the court, press secretary Ron Ziegler said.

Mr. Nixon had been working in his office in the White House when the Senate vote. He was informed of the outcome by H. R. Haldeman, his chief of staff, who monitored television in an office next door.

Carswell: 'A Relief'

In Tallahassee, Judge Carswell said he was relieved the battle was over but disappointed in the outcome. The judge, with his wife Virginia at his side at the Florida Bar Building, read this statement:

"First of all, it's a relief. It's of course always a disappointment to not win, especially when you know so many fine friends and supporters had confidence in you. I shall always be deeply appreciative of the President's confidence in making the nomination and the senators who worked so actively, and others."

A total of 13 Republicans—nearly one-third of the Senate's GOP membership—joined 38 Democrats to reject the nomination. Seventeen Democrats, mostly from the South, and 28 Republicans supported Judge Carswell.

Long applause and whistles, and some hooting as well, erupted from the galleries when Vice-President Agnew was handed the tally and said:

"On this vote the votes are 45 and the nays are 51. The nomination is not agreed to."

President Nixon last week injected a constitutional argument.

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The Vote

Against Approval: 51

Democrats (38)

Bayh, Ind.
Burdick, N.D.
Cannon, Nev.
Church, Idaho
Cowan, Calif.
Dodd, Conn.
Eagleton, Mo.
Fullbright, Ark.
Gore, Tenn.
Gravel, Alaska
Harris, Okla.
Hart, Mich.
Harke, Ind.

Republicans (13)

Brooks, Mass.
Case, N.J.
Cook, Ky.
Fong, Hawaii
Goodell, N.Y.

Bayh, Ind.
Hughes, Iowa
McGovern, S.D.
McIntyre, N.H.
Metcalfe, Mont.
Mondale, Minn.
Montoya, N.M.

Allen, Ala.
Bible, Nev.
Byrd, Va.
Eastland, Miss.
Ellender, La.

Moss, Utah
Muskie, Maine
Nelson, Wis.
Pastore, R.I.
Percy, N.H.
Rosen, Conn.
Spong, Va.
Syndin, Mo.
Tidings, Md.
Williams, N.J.
Yarborough, Tex.
Young, Ohio

Allen, Ala.
Aiken, Vt.
Allott, Colo.
Baker, Tenn.
Bellmon, Okla.
Boggs, Del.
Cooper, Ky.
Cotton, N.H.
Curran, Neb.
Dole, Kansas
Dominick, Colo.

Ervin, N.C.
Hollings, S.C.
Jordan, N.C.
Long, La.
McClellan, Ark.

Republicans (28)

Fannin, Ark.
Goldwater, Ariz.
Griffin, Mich.
Gurney, Fla.
Harkin, Wyo.
Hruska, Neb.
Jordan, Idaho
Mills, Iowa
Murphy, Calif.

Pearson, Kansas
Saxton, Ohio
Scott, Pa.
Smith, Ill.
Stevens, Alaska
Thurmond, S.C.
Tower, Texas
Williams, Del.
Young, N.D.

Not Voting: 4

Not voting but announced as paired on the nomination (pairs are used to denote opposing positions of senators when one or both are absent): Bennett, R., Utah, for and Pell, D., R.I., against. Absent and not voting: Anderson, D., N.M., and Mundt, R., S.D.

Retaliation for Killing of Bonn Envoy

Guatemalan Murdered in Rightist Reprisal

GUATEMALA CITY, April 8 (AP)—Firemen today found the mutilated body of a young man beside a dirt road after an anonymous caller told them where the body was and said the death was in retaliation for the assassination of West German Ambassador Karl von Spreti.

The 28-year-old diplomat was shot in the head Sunday by members of the Rebel Armed Forces (FAR) after the government refused to meet ransom demands. Count von Spreti was abducted from a Guatemala City street a week ago Tuesday.

Two fingers on the young man's right hand had been chopped off—a symbol used previously by a right-extremist organization called La Mano (The Hand).

The man was not immediately identified, but it was thought in unofficial circles that he may have been one of those negotiating for the ransom.

Firemen were told by the caller that the young man's death by strangulation was the first installment of the down payment in retaliation for Count von Spreti's death.

Guatemala will award its highest civilian decoration tomorrow to the slain ambassador, whose body is now lying in state in the National Palace.

A statement from the West German Embassy said the posthumous decoration with Order of the Quetzal for Count von Spreti had been approved by the Bonn government. The Quetzal, a multi-colored tropical bird, is Guatemala's national emblem.

West Germany, which has large economic interests in Guatemala, and is the country's second-largest foreign market, has ordered most of its embassy personnel home and told Guatemala's ambassador to Bonn to leave.

300 Arrests
GUATEMALA CITY, April 8 (Reuters)—About 300 people, including many students, have been detained here in the hunt for the murderers, usually reliable sources said today.

Government officials declined to give any number of arrests but confirmed that people were being detained.

Among them was Julio de Leon Mendez, head of the Central American Association of Medical Facul-

ties and former dean of the medical school at the National University, whose arrest was revealed by a source.

Troops kicked in the door of the National Students' Association at the university last night and made several arrests there.

Flags flew at half mast and there was a feeling of tension in the city as the troops and police carried out their hunt for suspects.

Bonn Plans Rites
BONN, April 8 (AP)—Foreign Minister Walter Scheel will deliver a eulogy in the Bundestag (lower house of parliament) for Count von Spreti, officials announced today.

The ceremony, on Monday, will be attended by members of the government.

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France Honors Man Who Saved Hundreds of GIs

PARIS, April 8 (AP)—A Frenchman who saved hundreds of Americans from death during World War II by uncoupling a burning munitions car from their troop train has been awarded the Legion of Honor—25 years later.

The citation, signed by Prime Minister Jacques Chaban-Delmas, said Gustave Guet was the only bystander who did not run for his life when the American train caught fire in the station of Bourbonne-le-Bas, in the Vosges—Mountains, on the night of Feb. 19, 1945.

Mr. Guet was 15 years old at the time.

Among EFTA members, Norway and Denmark, as well as Britain, have applied for membership in the EEC.

One major problem for Sweden in joining the market is its close, tariff-free relationship with Finland, which is a member of the Soviet

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She Is 44, Bridegroom 58

Svetlana Weds 4th Time; U.S. Architect in Arizona

By Lawrence Feinberg

WASHINGTON, April 8 (WP)—Svetlana Alliluyeva, 44, daughter of former Soviet Premier Josef Stalin, was married yesterday near Phoenix, Ariz., to William Wesley Peters, 58, a longtime associate of the late architect Frank Lloyd Wright.

Officials in Phoenix confirmed yesterday that the couple obtained a marriage license there Monday.

A Phoenix television station, KTVR, reported last night that the couple was married yesterday afternoon at Talliesin West, a colony of architects, artists and students, which was founded by Mr. Wright in the desert at Scottsdale, Ariz.

Mr. Peters was Mr. Wright's chief assistant for many years and was married to one of Mr. Wright's daughters. She was killed in an automobile accident

in the 1940s. He is now vice-president of the Wright Foundation, which operates Talliesin and is headed by Mr. Wright's widow.

Mrs. Alliluyeva left the Soviet Union in 1968, accompanying the ashes of her third husband, Brijesh Singh, to his home in India. The Soviet government never recognized the validity of this marriage.

She sought refuge in the American Embassy in New Delhi in March, 1967, and came to the United States a month later. Since then, she has lived quietly in Princeton, N.J., and has written two books of memoirs.

Mrs. Alliluyeva said today she will seek U.S. citizenship as soon as possible. United Press International reported in Phoenix.

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Backup Astronaut Is Ready; Mattingly May Have Measles

CAPE KENNEDY, Fla., April 8 (UPI)—Space agency officials said today they were considering substituting a backup astronaut for Lt. Comdr. Thomas K. Mattingly, whose susceptibility to measles threatens a one-month delay in the Apollo-13 moon-landing mission.

Public-affairs officer Alfred Allbrando said backup command-module pilot John Swigert was under consideration as a possible substitute for Saturday's launch.

Sweden Shifts Policy on EEC

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Union absolutely exclude membership in the Common Market.

Mr. Palme said it was "inconceivable" to raise tariff barriers again among the Scandinavian countries. Asked how Finland's situation there could be accommodated, he said:

"You can't be too logical. Any arrangement with the EEC must take account of Finland. Human ingenuity should be sufficient."

In June, Mr. Palme is going to the United States to get an honorary degree from Kenyon College, from which he graduated in 1948. The Swedish government hopes the occasion can be used to improve relations with the United States, strained lately by Swedish criticism of the Vietnam war.

No Nixon Snub

There have been reports that President Nixon plans to snub the Swedish premier. Mr. Palme scoffed at these, saying that he has not asked for a meeting with the President, but making it plain that he would be delighted to have one. He said he thought it "very likely" that he would in any case talk with Secretary of State William P. Rogers. He has invitations to address the National Press Club and the Council on Foreign Relations, and thus will probably visit Washington and New York early next week.

Under questions from a number of American correspondents, Mr. Palme spoke warmly of the United States. "We are happy to have had good relations with America since 1776," he said, "when we were one of the first to recognize the new revolutionary government. But that doesn't mean we must always support the views of the United States."

As for Vietnam, he said U.S. policy at present—withdrawal of troops and negotiating—was "wise." He added: "We have had no reason for the last year to criticize the United States."

Death Penalty, Long Terms Asked at Trial of 34 Greeks

ATHENS, April 8 (Reuters)—The prosecutor at court-martial here today demanded the death sentence for a university professor and life imprisonment for four other persons charged with plotting to overthrow the army-backed regime and establish a Communist state in Greece.

Maj. Ioannis Liapis made the demand in his summation at the trial of 34 persons charged with using bombs in an attempt to topple the government.

All the defendants, including three women, were alleged to be members of an underground organization known as Demokratiki Amyia (Democratic Defense).

In his six-hour speech, Maj. Liapis described the defendants as "criminals whose motives had no moral principles" and accused them of resorting to uncontrolled violence to impose their will on the majority of the Greek people.

All the accused have pleaded not guilty.

He described Prof. Dionysios Karageorgas as the leader of the group and demanded the death penalty for him.

"Prof. Karageorgas has proved unworthy of the confidence placed in him by the state and the people. He must be made harmless and must be cut off from society. I therefore demand his physical extermination," Maj. Liapis said.

He demanded life sentences for Prof. George Magalhães, 48, Ioannis Stavrakis, 38, a Greek-French journalist, Spyridon Loukas, 35, a chemist, and Ioannis Kombotakis, 34, a clerk.

He also asked for prison terms for Prof. Karageorgas and these four defendants ranging from 20 to 25 years.

The prosecutor asked the five army officers sitting on the court-martial to pass prison terms ranging from two years and two months up to 25 years on 26 other

Retaliation In Guatemala

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ment, the diplomatic corps and West German President Gustav Heinemann.

Court von Sprei will have a private funeral Tuesday at Vilshelm, in Bavaria, his family home.

Mr. Scheel, who was in Rome today for a one-day meeting with the leaders of Italy's new government, is scheduled to fly to Guatemala tomorrow night aboard a West German Air Force plane to pick up the ambassador's body in Guatemala City. He will make a stopover in Washington for a talk with Chancellor Willy Brandt, who is on an official visit to the United States.

Court von Sprei's body is scheduled to arrive at Bonn's Wehr Airport Saturday and will be received with full military honors.

Red Cross Warning

GENEVA, April 8 (UPI)—The International Committee of the Red Cross warned the government of Guatemala today against exacting reprisals for the murder of Count von Sprei by a leftist group.

The warning was given in a message in which Marcel A. Naville, the committee's president, assured Guatemala that the Red Cross shares the "indignation" that the murder has aroused.

Mr. Naville reminded the government that it is a signatory of the Geneva Red Cross conventions that ban all acts of reprisal. This rule, he added, covers "all persons presently held by the Guatemalan authorities."

Italy to Return MiG-15

UDINE, Italy, April 8 (AP)—Italian military sources said today that Italy would return to Hungary a Soviet-built MiG-15 fighter downed yesterday by a Hungarian Air Force lieutenant who asked for political asylum. Italy is considering his request.

CHUNN

Norman Allbrando (Pres.)

Unusual Gifts, Gloves, Bags

Gen. Allbrando's personal discount

45 RUE RICHELIEU, PARIS



MARCH OF MAYORS—Some of the 500 to 600 mayors of French municipalities who marched in Paris yesterday from the National Assembly to the prime minister's residence. From left, front row: Gaston Defferre, of Marseilles; André Bouloche, of Montbéliard; Brigitte Gros, of Melun, and François Mitterrand, of Chateau-Chinon.

Arabs Tell UN Probers Of Torture

By Jesse W. Lewis Jr.

BEIRUT, April 8 (UPI)—A Palestinian student who joined a guerrilla group operating on Jordan's West Bank told a United Nations investigating team yesterday he was beaten, hanged by his wrists and threatened by dogs while handcuffed when he was a prisoner in Israel.

Ahmad Khalifa, who was imprisoned for two years for his activities with the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, gave the investigators names of other prisoners he said were still in Israeli prisons. He also gave the three-man UN team names of Israelis who allegedly inflicted the treatment.

"I consider myself mistreated rather than systematically tortured," said Mr. Khalifa, 33, a former English literature student at Cairo University.

The UN investigating committee is composed of H.S. Amara Singhe, Ceylon's UN ambassador, Abby Farah, Somalia's UN envoy, and Borut Bohle, of Yugoslavia.

The committee, set up under a General Assembly resolution to investigate practices affecting human rights in the territories occupied by Israel during the six-day war, has held hearings in London. After Beirut, it will move to Damascus, Amman and Cairo.

[Israel has refused to allow the committee to visit the occupied territories, but a UN spokesman said that through advertisements in newspapers in Israel, the committee is attempting to obtain more testimony from West Bank Arabs.]

In yesterday's testimony, witnesses gave second-hand accounts of stories they heard. One witness, Ibrahim al-Abid, said that the International Red Cross in Feb. 26, 1963, report on Nablus prison (Jordan's occupied West Bank) cited six methods of torture used on Arab prisoners. He did not produce the report.

The only witness who talked in first-hand, personal terms was Mr. Khalifa, who said he was released from Ramla prison, in Israel, last Feb. 28.

Mr. Khalifa told the committee that shortly after he was arrested he was transferred to Sarafon prison, where the "first thing I received was a blow."

"I was taken to a small room where I was blindfolded. I heard people scream and dogs barking," he said.

About five hours later, he said, he was taken to another room where he was handcuffed, made to stand on a bench so his shackled wrists could be slipped over a metal bar sticking out the wall. Then the bench was taken away, leaving him suspended by his handcuffed wrists.

On another occasion, he said, he was asked for the Beirut address of George Habash, the leader of the Popular Front. When he told them he did not know it, Israeli guards took him outside where he was handcuffed and pushed toward a dog.

"If I backed away, they would push me toward the dog again," he said.

Australia Bars Ports To Some French Ships

CANBERRA, Australia, April 8 (AP)—Australia will not allow any French ships or aircraft that are carrying nuclear material to use Australian ports or airfields, External Affairs Minister William McMahon told the House of Representatives today.

He said that this was as far as the federal government felt it could go insofar as direct action to halt French atomic tests in the Pacific was concerned.

Australia has already sent an official protest to France about tests near Tahiti.

Thant to Visit Vienna

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., April 8 (AP)—The United Nations announced yesterday that Secretary-General U Thant will visit Vienna to address the 44-nation Industrial Development Board during its annual session from April 20-30. The board sets policy for the UN Industrial Development Organization.

Yugoslav Fan Breaks Up Game With His Shotgun

RATARI, Yugoslavia, April 8 (AP)—A sports fan, dissatisfied with the performance of the soccer team he supported, used a shotgun to express his protest.

Miodrag Petrovic was nettled with the play of his team, Jedinstvo—in the latest match against the visiting team, Norvećak of Paracin.

Enraged, he fired his shotgun at the ball. It immediately deflated and the match was interrupted. Nobody was injured.

Goldmann Says Dayan, Eban Favored Mission to Nasser

By James Feron

JERUSALEM, April 8 (UPI)—Dr. Nahum Goldmann said today that a number of influential Israeli ministers who voted against his proposed mission to Nasser in favor of such a mission as a private venture.

The ministers were obliged to vote against the proposal, Dr. Goldmann said, when Premier Golda Meir insisted on bringing it before them for official government approval. Such approval, even if granted, would have made him an official emissary and killed the mission, he said.

The 75-year-old Zionist leader said he had been asked by his intermediary, an ambassador of a third nation, only to get Mrs. Meir's acquiescence. She said she could not make the decision alone and asked cabinet approval.

Dr. Goldmann said that he had spoken privately to a number of ministers before the cabinet meeting and that Defense Minister Moshe Dayan and Foreign Minister Abba Eban, among others, were in favor of his seeing the Egyptian president.

He stated that both ministers had suggested that the matter not be taken up formally in the cabinet, where they would be obliged to reject it. Dr. Goldmann said he, too, would have turned it down as an officially sponsored trip.

Controversy Grows

The controversy over the ill-fated mission between Dr. Goldmann, who has negotiated other matters, including the reparations pact with West Germany, and Mr. Nasser continued, meanwhile, to gain momentum.

Students carrying placards reading "Let Goldmann Go" and "Enough Excuses" demonstrated at Hebrew University in Jerusalem. Hundreds conducted a sit-down strike on major roads in the area.

The demonstration erupted into violence when police sought to clear a major road near the university. Policemen on horses charged the students, sending several to the hospital.

Dr. Goldmann, speaking in Beit Sektov, a journalists' building in downtown Tel Aviv, said the mission never progressed beyond the preliminary stage. He denied that he had taken the initiative and said that as far as he was concerned the issue was closed.

He said the approach came from an ambassador who had been informed by his government that Mr. Nasser might be willing to meet Dr. Goldmann under certain conditions. The third country is thought to be Yugoslavia.

"A final decision on the invitation would be made only after I had met Mr. Meir and had her acquiescence," Dr. Goldmann said. "The Egyptian statement that I was never invited, was, therefore, correct."

The Knesset (parliament) today defeated two no-confidence motions alleging that the Israeli government deliberately prevented a dialogue between President Nasser and Dr. Goldmann, United Press International reported. It also endorsed by an overwhelming 51-to-5 vote the Israeli government position on future contacts with Arab leaders.

(Mr. Eban outlined the Israeli position on the matter in a government statement in the Knesset last night. He pledged Israel's readiness to meet any Arab leader for talks on ways to break the present deadlock in the Middle East.)

Massive School Bill Is Passed by House

WASHINGTON, April 8 (AP)—The House passed and sent to President Nixon yesterday a massive federal school aid bill that authorizes expenditures totaling \$2.6 billion over the next three years.

The bill, a compromise between House and Senate versions passed earlier, continues in expanded form a wide variety of programs designed to strengthen elementary and secondary school education. The House passed the compromise, 312 to 74. The Senate acted last week, 74 to 4.

Newsman Imprisoned By Chinese Marries

ST. HELENS, Jersey, Channel Islands, April 7 (Reuters)—Anthony Grey, the 31-year-old Reuters correspondent kept under house arrest in Peking for 26 months, has married six months after his release. Mr. Grey married Miss Shirley McGulgan, 32, a London school teacher, in a quiet ceremony in St. Owen's parish church in the western part of the island of Jersey.

Svoboda Ends Tour

PRAGUE, April 8 (AP)—Czechoslovak President Ludvík Svoboda returned today from 11 days in Mongolia, Japan and the Soviet Union, called the account untrue.

He claimed an Israeli plane was downed by ground fire in fighting over the Golan Heights yesterday, but Israel denied it.

A Syrian spokesman said the plane fell behind Israeli lines after two formations of Israeli jets penetrated Syrian airspace and Syrian MIGs scrambled to intercept them. The military command in Tel Aviv called the account untrue.

30 Children Killed in Raid By Israel, Egyptians Report

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looked after motion pictures of the attack some immediately after the mission because he was "surprised" by the Cairo claim and wanted to check.

We are ready to show (the pictures) and to explain how we know this is a military installation," he said. "You can see the military cars around it, some of them are dug in, the trenches around it, and all the other marks that show this is a military installation."

In Washington, the State Department deplored the Israeli attack. A spokesman said the brief statement: "We have seen press reports of shocking loss of life to a number of children in Sharqia Province in the United Arab Republic as a result of an Israeli air attack. If these reports are confirmed this tragic incident would be another deplorable and saddening consequence of the continuing disregard of the UN Security Council cease-fire resolutions. Once again we appeal to all concerned to adhere scrupulously to the resolutions in order to preclude further tragic deaths and injury to innocent civilians."

Reporters See Bodies

HUSHINIYA, Egypt, April 8 (Reuters)—Weeping parents clustered in the hospital and mortuary of this Nile delta farming town tonight.

The bombs fell on a country primary school at nearby Bah el-Sakr this morning shortly after lessons had begun for the day.

In the rubble, rescue workers found 30 children and one teacher dead. About 40 other children were injured, some seriously.

Some children were in the playground of the little single-story stone school.

They saw two planes in the sky and ran inside," said the headmaster of the central school here.

"The Israelis dropped five bombs, three of which fell in the school, and two rockets."

Reporters saw the badly mutilated bodies of the dead children as parents and relatives were coming to take them for burial. Their ages appeared to range from about eight to 14.

At the hospital nearby, a further 40 children and about 30 civilians were under treatment.

An official spokesman said there were no military targets in the area attacked.

Battle in Jordan

AMMAN, April 8 (UPI)—Jordanian forces drove back a number of Israeli armored units from the south Jordan area of Ghor al-Safi today, a Jordanian military spokesman announced.

The spokesman said a Jordanian task force moved to the area, which the Israelis have been entering recently, and drove them back behind the cease-fire line.

The operation, which started at dawn today, was carried out under the personal direction of King Hussein, who was at Amman military headquarters throughout the morning, the spokesman said.

He said there were no Jordanian casualties, while three Israeli vehicles were destroyed.

Syria Claims Israeli Jet

DAMASCUS, April 8 (AP)—Syria claimed an Israeli plane was downed by ground fire in fighting over the Golan Heights yesterday, but Israel denied it.

A Syrian spokesman said the plane fell behind Israeli lines after two formations of Israeli jets penetrated Syrian airspace and Syrian MIGs scrambled to intercept them. The military command in Tel Aviv called the account untrue.

150 Reds Listed as Slain

Saigon Copters Are Reported On Raid Inside Cambodia

SAIGON, April 8 (AP)—South Vietnamese paratroopers penetrated several miles into the swampy five miles inside Cambodia after clashing with North Vietnamese troops in a two-day operation. Details were sketchy on this action, but field reports said that at least 15 paratroopers were known to have been wounded.

The sources said that the armed foray across the border was approved by Cambodian authorities. One highly placed source said that the local South Vietnamese and Cambodian authorities were collaborating in an attempt to wipe out thousands of North Vietnamese and Viet Cong troops along the frontier.

The source said that the foray into Cambodia involved Vietnamese ground troops, bombers and helicopters.

There has been no confirmed evidence that American ground units have entered Cambodia to fight Communist forces under the terms of the local agreements, which have been worked out since the March 18 overthrow of Prince Norodom Sihanouk.

The presence of North Vietnamese and Viet Cong troops in Cambodia led to Cambodian demonstrations and, eventually, Prince Sihanouk's overthrow.

The source said that four days ago South Vietnamese paratroopers landed inside Svay Rieng province. "The paratroopers were fired on," one source said, "and they shot up the enemy force. About 150 enemy bodies were observed."

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Cambodians Set Hijacked Vessel Free

ABOARD THE COLUMBIA EAGLE, April 8 (AP)—This hijacked U.S. munitions ship was released today and its master, Capt. Donald O. Swann, sailed it out of Cambodian waters after 28 days of detention.

"To get the ship back we would have to kill them. No hands up or anything. Just kill them," said Capt. Swann in explaining why he gave in to the hijackers.

The blue-hulled freighter loaded with 1,751 long tons of napalm bombs was hijacked March 14 while en route to Thailand.

The hijacking charged d'Almeida, Lloyd M. Rives, who was also aboard today, said the Columbia Eagle would not go on to Thailand or South Vietnam. He said the U.S. government had agreed that this would be detrimental to Cambodia's neutrality. The ship will head for the Subic Bay American Navy Base in the Philippines.

Given Asylum

The two hijackers who captured the ship at pinpoint, Clyde McKay and Alvin Glatkowski, are still in Cambodia where they have been granted political asylum.

Capt. Swann, a 6-footer from Portland, Ore., said he thought Mr. McKay had planned the hijack in advance. "He had a money belt full of gold coins and a pistol which indicated to me he planned to kill me," he said.

Capt. Swann said in an interview before leaving Cambodia: "The 51-year-old captain recounted that just after 1 p.m. on March 14 he was heading toward his cabin when the chief mate called him to the bridge."

"The mate said this fellow had a gun. McKay took a gun out of a black bag and pointed it at my head. He said they would blow up the ship if I didn't comply," he said.

Capt. Swann said the hijackers were jumpy and never made any moves clear. "But they said they would kill anyone who got in their way," he added.

The captain described Mr. McKay as a very polite and quiet man. "Some of his watch partners said they hardly spoke to him," he said. "Glatkowski was led by McKay. He didn't do much thinking by himself."

1,290 Reds Die in Siege

(Continued from Page 1)

most costly to the North Vietnamese.

The situation appeared to be easing early today when U.S. cargo planes were able to run the gauntlet of anti-aircraft fire to parachute supplies to the beleaguered and ammunition to the beleaguered.

Previously, three planes had been shot down and nine Americans killed in similar assaults.

The Hanoi forces appear to be laying siege to Dak Seang in an effort to cut Highway 14, linking the important Central Highlands city of Pleiku and Kontum.

A South Vietnamese Ranger battalion killed 100 of the North Vietnamese yesterday in fighting five miles south of Dak Seang.

North Vietnamese gunners have hit the camp with more than 2,000 rockets and mortar rounds since the siege began. Two 120-mm. rockets smashed into the outpost last night. There were no casualties.

Seventeen rocket, mortar and recoilless rifle rounds also hit the Ben Het Green Beret camp, 12 miles to the southeast, last night, military spokesmen said.

Weather

| | | | |
|-------------|----|----|---------------|
| AMSTERDAM | 12 | 34 | Very cloudy |
| ANKARA | 12 | 35 | Very cloudy |
| ATHENS | 12 | 37 | Very cloudy |
| BELGRADE | 5 | 41 | Cloudy |
| BERLIN | 10 | 50 | Very cloudy |
| BRUSSELS | 11 | 35 | Overcast |
| BUDAPEST | 1 | 27 | Heavy |
| CASABLANCA | 5 | 32 | Partly cloudy |
| COLOGNE | 14 | 37 | Sunny |
| COSTA RICA | 13 | 74 | Overcast |
| DAKAR | 4 | 28 | Very cloudy |
| DELHI | 7 | 46 | Cloudy |
| HAAG | 8 | 49 | Cloudy |
| HONG KONG | 5 | 49 | Very cloudy |
| LOS ANGELES | 5 | 49 | Partly cloudy |
| MADRID | 3 | 37 | Overcast |
| MEXICO CITY | 20 | 66 | Overcast |
| MOSCOW | 13 | 35 | Overcast |
| NEW YORK | 13 | 50 | Very cloudy |
| PARIS | 5 | 49 | Overcast |
| PRAGUE | 13 | 35 | Overcast |
| ROME | 5 | 42 | Overcast |

U.S. CITIES (Temperature and Precipitation)
FRO. CNT. others in 1200 GMT

Urges Bid by Washington at SALT

U.S. Arms Unit Seeks Missile Moratorium

By John W. Finney

WASHINGTON, April 8 (UPI).—The disarmament agency's advisory committee has recommended that the United States propose an immediate moratorium on deployment of strategic weapons when strategic arms control talks resume next week with the Soviet Union.

At a recent meeting to review the U.S. negotiating position for the SALT talks, the committee reported to have decided with only one dissenting vote that the United States should propose an immediate and mutual moratorium on further deployment of strategic weapons while the two sides attempt to work out a strategic arms control agreement.

In outlining its concept of a moratorium, the advisory committee was also said to have proposed a freeze on further deployment of offensive missiles as well as on defensive anti-ballistic missiles. Thus the Soviet Union would stop further deployment of its large SS-9 intercontinental missiles while the United States would defer deployment of its Safeguard anti-ballistic missile system.

Obituaries

Luxembourg's Prince Felix, Father of Ruler, Dies at 76

LUXEMBOURG, April 8 (Reuters).—Prince Felix of Bourbon-Parma, 76, former Prince Consort of Luxembourg and father of the reigning Grand Duke Jean, died today.

The prince died at the Castle of Fiesbach, his home 19 miles north of Luxembourg, after a two-week illness following a prostate operation.

He was Prince Consort for 45 years with Grand Duchess Charlotte until her abdication in 1964 in favor of Grand Duke Jean. The son of Duke Robert of Parma and Princess Maria Antonia, infanta of Portugal, Prince Felix went into exile after the Nazi occupation of Luxembourg in World War II. He served in the Allied ranks, first as brigadier-general in the British Army's Northern Command, then in the French Second Armored Division and finally in the First American Army, with which he liberated Luxembourg.

Prince Felix is survived by Grand

Duchess Charlotte, 73, and five children.

Dr. A. H. Sturtevant PASADENA, Calif., April 8 (UPI).—Dr. Alfred Henry Sturtevant, 78, a major figure in U.S. genetics for many years and a former professor of genetics at the California Institute of Technology, died of cancer at a hospital here Sunday.

Dr. Sturtevant was one of a dozen men presented with National Medal of Science by President Lyndon B. Johnson in 1968. He was also honored several times by the National Academy of Sciences for "noteworthy and distinguished accomplishment" in genetics.

Dr. Sturtevant and other early geneticists made important discoveries about chromosomes and the role they play in heredity. Dr. Sturtevant, who later wrote several major textbooks on genetics and 140 scientific papers, was the first scientist to map the location of chromosomes of the genes associated with particular inherited characteristics. He also discovered that the arrangements of blocks of genes may vary in different species, and used this finding to trace the evolution of a species. He also showed that the effect of a gene depends on its position in the chromosome.

He joined the staff of the Carnegie Institution of Washington in 1915, and moved to Cal-Tech as a professor in 1928. He remained active there until his recent illness.

Max Bozyk NEW YORK, April 8 (UPI).—Funeral services have been held for Max Bozyk, 71, a Polish-born popular comic actor in the Yiddish theater, who collapsed and died after a performance Sunday. Described as the "Jewish Fanny Braver," Mr. Bozyk appeared regularly in New York productions.

André Maroselli PARIS, April 8 (AP).—André Maroselli, 71, a minister in ten different French cabinets during the Fourth Republic, died yesterday in his hometown of Luxembourg-Bains.

Mr. Maroselli was first elected a senator in 1935, and from then until 1958 he was almost continuously a member of either the National Assembly or the Senate.

Gen. Nikolai Novikov MOSCOW, April 8 (UPI).—The Soviet news agency Tass today announced the death of retired Gen. Nikolai Novikov, 70, a tank troop commander during World War II. Gen. Novikov commanded the armored and mechanized troops of the southern, southeastern, Stalin-grad, fourth and first Ukrainian fronts. After the war, he was deputy commander-in-chief of Soviet troops in Germany and later general inspector of the chief inspectorate of the Soviet Ministry of Defense.

John (Fat) Hardy ATLANTA, April 8 (Reuters).—Georgia Mountain Man John (Fat) Hardy, 62, who sold 100 gallons of poisonous moonshine whiskey that killed 38 people and blinded many others, died of a heart ailment in a hospital here tonight.

The 235-pound Hardy was convicted of murder in 1953 in a sensational case. He was paroled in 1957 after the judge who sentenced him testified before the parole board that Mr. Hardy had no intent to kill anyone when he added methyl alcohol to a batch of corn whiskey before selling it in fruit jars in tenement areas here.

Svetlana Weds 4th Time; U.S. Architect in Arizona

(Continued from Page 1)

nix. The Soviet Union stripped her of her Russian citizenship in January. At a news conference today, the couple told of their brief acquaintance, which Mr. Peters said came about through "almost miraculous circumstances." He did not elaborate. Mrs. Alliluyeva said she thought it was a hopeless dream to consider trying to bring her two children by previous marriages to the United States from the Soviet Union.

Both Mrs. Alliluyeva and Mr. Peters refused to speak with reporters last night. Mrs. Alliluyeva's two children, a son, Joseph, 25, and a daughter, Yekaterina, 20, both still live in Russia.

Several of Mrs. Alliluyeva's friends, interviewed by telephone in Phinnett last night, said they did not know of the marriage, were not acquainted with Mr. Peters, and did not know when and where the two met.

Among those contacted were Mrs. George F. Kennan, wife of the former U.S. Ambassador to Moscow, who has known her since the 1930s, and Edward S. Greenbaum, attorney for Mrs. Alliluyeva's publisher, Harper & Row.

Another neighbor said Mrs. Alliluyeva "has many, many friends" and is an extraordinarily independent person.

Mr. Peters worked with Mr.

Wright from 1932 until the architect's death in 1959. Now chief architect of Tallent Associates Architects, Mr. Wright's firm, Mr. Peters recently designed a palace in Iran for Prince Shams Pahlavi, a sister of the Shah.

Mrs. Alliluyeva, the youngest of Stalin's three children, was born in Moscow, Feb. 28, 1926. She is a graduate of the University of Moscow, and specialized in American history there.

Her first husband, Gregory Morozov, whom she divorced in 1947, was a Moscow University student. Two years later she married Yuri Andanov, son of a prominent Soviet official, but that marriage also ended in divorce. She met Mr. Singh in Moscow in 1953.

"Twenty Letters to a Friend," Mrs. Alliluyeva's account of her life in the Kremlin until Stalin's death in 1953, was published in Oct., 1967. Her second book, "Only One Year," was published last year.

In Aug. 1968, Mrs. Alliluyeva reportedly burned a Soviet passport, and described the Soviet Union as "a land of uninterrupted pain and trauma."

When the Russians revoked her citizenship this January, she said, "They did exactly what I wanted them to do. I am very happy... that I no longer belong to the Soviet state."



Raphael Minichiello UPI

Italians Indict Ex-U.S. Marine In Hijack Case

ROME, April 8 (AP).—Italy indicted airplane hijacker Raphael Minichiello today for eight related offenses—but not for hijacking a plane. Air piracy is not a crime in Italy.

Investigating Judge Antonio Squillante filed the charges, ending the pre-trial process in the ex-U.S. Marine's case. Court sources said Minichiello probably would be tried before July.

If convicted on all counts in Italy he could get 30 years in prison. But court sources said the likelihood was that Minichiello would be sentenced to about four years.

Minichiello, 30, hijacked a TWA 707 jetliner from California to Rome, a distance of 6,900 miles, on Nov. 1. He was captured near Rome after a police chase.

The counts against him are private violence, kidnapping and threatened assault, all against the four-man crew of the plane; the same crimes against Pietro Gull, police chief at Fiumicino Airport, whom Minichiello forced to drive him into the countryside; introduction of an arm of war into Italy; and retention of the same arm here. Minichiello used an M-1 rifle in the hijacking.

Tories Make Major Gain in Local Voting

Pick Up 22 Seats in County Councils

LONDON, April 8 (UPI).—The Conservatives today racked up big gains in local elections considered a possible portent for the next national parliamentary election.

With returns announced from 13 of 68 counties in England and Wales, voting for county councils gave the Conservatives 243 seats, with 24 gains and two losses, and Labor 219 seats, with 14 gains and 20 losses.

Independents won 297 seats, with eight gains and 17 losses, Liberals ten seats with one gain and three losses. Other groups won three seats.

Even greater interest centers on the polling tomorrow, when voting will take place for the 100-member Greater London Council and 28 other county councils.

The remaining county-council elections take place Friday and Saturday.

Opinion Poll

An opinion poll published by the Evening Standard predicts a major victory for the Conservatives in the London voting. However, Labor is expected to regain some seats from the Conservatives.

In the last Greater London elections, in 1967, the Conservatives scored a landslide victory, winning 82 council seats against 18 for Labor. For the first time in 33 years the Conservatives won control of the capital's government.

The Evening Standard poll predicted the Conservatives will win again, but by a smaller majority of 66 seats to 34 for Labor.

According to the poll, 53 percent said they would vote Conservative, 43 percent Labor, 3 percent Liberal and 3 percent for other parties.

Ulster Premier Urged by MP To Invoke Emergency Rules

BELFAST, April 8 (UPI).—A member of Parliament today said Northern Ireland was in a state of "national emergency" and urged the government to round up armed Roman Catholic extremists.

Prime Minister James Chichester-Clark said today he will fly to London on Friday for emergency talks with British Home Secretary James Callaghan on the deteriorating situation in the North.

Thomas Caldwell, a moderate Unionist MP, has urged Maj. Chichester-Clark to invoke the Special Powers Act, which gives the government power to imprison persons without trial. In the past, the act has been directed against members of the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

"I consider the situation a national emergency," said Mr. Caldwell. "Extreme powers should be invoked against the IRA. Protestant extremist groups, and the Communist agitators."

Political sources said several senior members of the Northern Ireland cabinet were pressing Maj. Chichester-Clark to take harsh measures against those responsible for the recent rash of bombings. Some demanded that police round up and arrest all known members of the IRA, they said.

Both the IRA and the Ulster Volunteer Force have claimed responsibility for the explosions which have ripped through several shops, both Protestant and Roman Catholic.

Maj. Chichester-Clark, in talks with Mr. Callaghan, is expected to discuss increased security arrangements and the street violence.

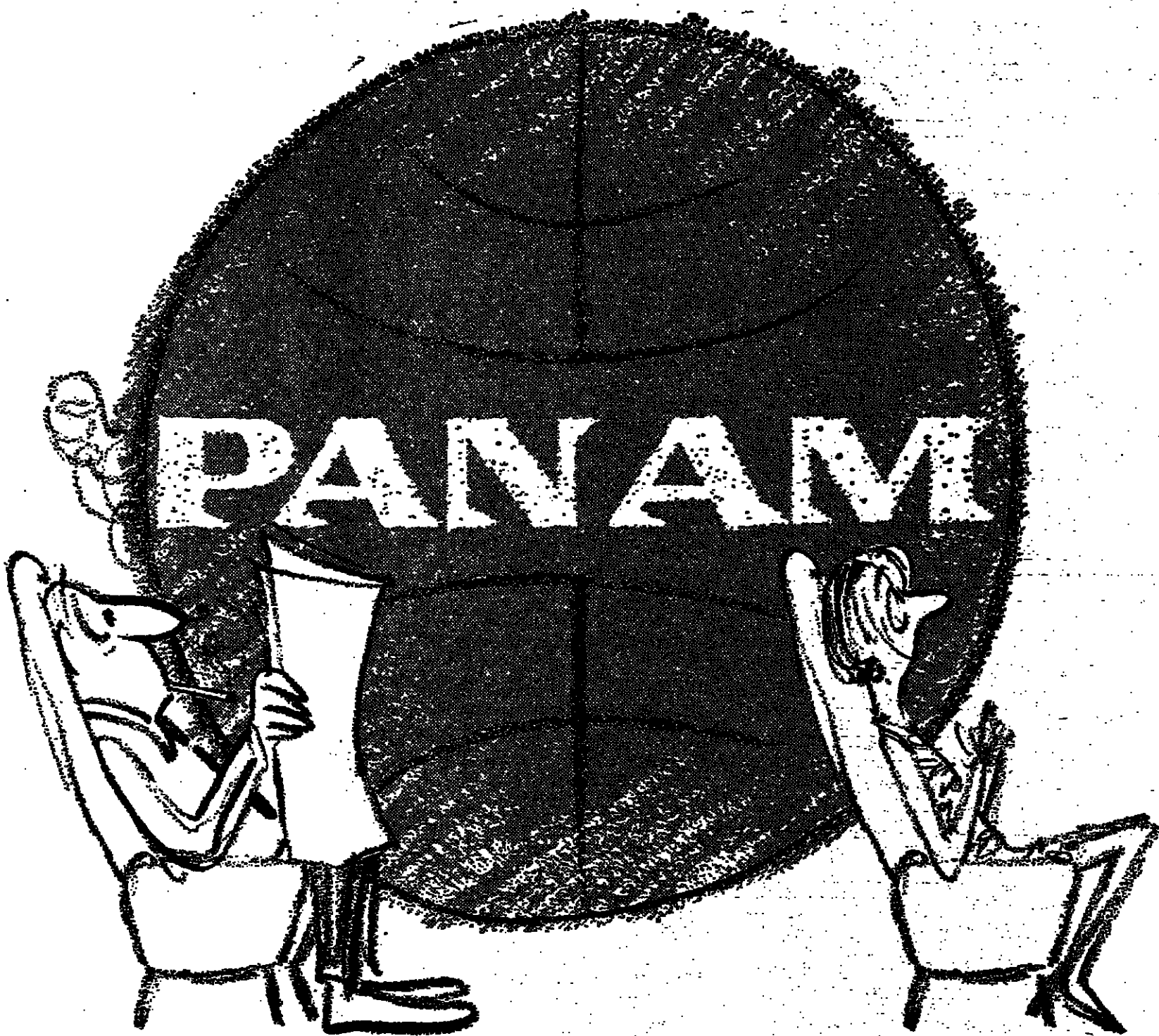
British-Russian Talks LONDON, April 8 (UPI).—Britain and the Soviet Union yesterday held political talks for the first time since the Russian invasion of Czechoslovakia in August, 1968. Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Semyon P. Kovalev conferred at the Foreign Office with Sir Denis Greenhill, Britain's permanent under secretary and head of the Foreign Service.

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The French Woman and the Law

Measures under debate could lead to a new kind of ménage à trois: husband, wife and judge of special new courts.

By Jonathan C. Randal

PARIS, April 8 (UPI)—Still light years away from SCUM (Society for Cutting Up Men) and other egalitarian feminist movements in the United States, French women yesterday began a final assault on yet another batch of Napoleonic legislation relegating them to second-sex status.

Parliament, which only in 1945 allowed French women the right to vote, began debate on ending male legal prerogatives as "head of the family."

It was yet another step away from male domination which began crumbling in 1965 when parliament repealed laws making community property out of the wife's belongings.

The same year parliament allowed women to open bank accounts or businesses without their husbands' permission and in 1967 the pill and other birth-control measures were legalized.

Proposed Changes

Under consideration is new legislation which would enable the wife as well as the husband to sign for such time-consuming formalities as requesting a passport, enrolling children in school or permitting minor children to travel abroad.

No longer would the husband alone be entitled to dictate where the family lives, although male supremacy drafting the bill still gave the husband the final say in case of dispute on

this point. However, the wife will be able to appeal any such decision to a special court.

Among the other male advantages which may fall by the wayside is a divorced husband's right to exercise his paternal prerogatives over the children living with his former wife.

Feminists are also hopeful about adoption of provisions in the bill which would deprive a divorced husband of visiting rights with his children as long as he failed to pay his former wife alimony and child-care allowances.

Unmarried Mothers

Another suggested change would allow the unmarried mother of an illegitimate child to exercise full parental rights.

French legislation is already far in advance of American statutes in this field since unmarried mothers have long benefited from social-security and child-support provisions on the same footing as married couples.

Dozens of pregnant French fiancées were allowed to conclude posthumous marriages

with young servicemen killed in Algeria. And during the Indochina war thousands of French soldiers were allowed to recognize their children born of Vietnamese mothers, thus bestowing French citizenship on the offspring without benefit of marriage.

Moreover, in a recent decision, a French court awarded damages to the common-law wife of a man who was killed in an accident although her request to benefit from his retirement pay was rejected.

Opening the two-day parliamentary debate on the suggested changes, Deputy André Tisserand said the reforms were "of a nature to consecrate the equality of men and women in French legislation."

This did not stop a law professor from warning that the new legislation would create a special kind of ménage à trois.

He quickly explained that he meant illegals resulting from arguments involving husband and wife and judge on specially created "family courts" designed to straighten out marital differences.

On the Arts Agenda

Herbert Stewart, American classical guitarist, will give recitals in Munich April 9, Kassel April 13, Darmstadt April 14 and Saarbrücken April 17, before performing April 21 at the Salle Cortot in Paris.

Suzanne Sarroca, Peter Gottlieb and Michel Roux. The composer will conduct and the staging is by Louis Dureux.

The Monte Carlo Opera will give the world premiere of "Madame de..." an opera by Jean-Michel Damase, April 26, with a second performance on April 28. The libretto is by Jean Anouilh, based on the novel by Louise de Vilmorin, and the principal roles will be taken by

The first performances in France of Luigi Dallapiccola's "Ulisse" will be given April 17 and 19 by the Théâtre des Arts in Rouen. It will be the third production of the work since its world premiere in Berlin in 1968, the others having been performed this season by the Deutsche Oper am Rhein in Düsseldorf and Milan's La Scala.

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ITALY'S FALL READY-TO-WEAR—Irene Galitane's silk crepe dress, left, is rosy apricot with a scarf and long, tight sleeves. Ubaldo Baratta's bottle-green coat, center, is worn over ribbed leotards and a mini. Angelo Litrico's stringbean coat, right, is in rust wool.

How Florence Got Started As a Center for Fashion

By Hebe Dorsey

FLORENCE, April 8.—Italian couture has been on the map since just after World War II. But Florence is where it all started.

There are no fewer than 150 buying offices in Florence as against none in Rome and a few in Milan. This time, 435 buyers from 200 firms, representing 17 countries, are attending the fashion shows. The Americans have the largest contingent and spend the most lavishly. Next come the Germans.

Large firms such as Sears, Roebuck, Gimbels, Oldway's, Marshall Field and Montgomery Ward have their own buying offices here. Others deal with smaller, independent buying companies such as the one run by Robert G. Connolly, from Buffalo, N.Y.

Mr. Connolly, former buyer and merchandising manager for a chain of American stores, decided ten years ago to settle here because "then as now, the biggest volume is done here."

To understand the interest of Florence and the reason that buyers have been coming here for the last 50 years, one should

remember that Florence is the center of a number of crafts. "What got Florence started," Mr. Connolly said, "was straw, then leather and, of course, lingerie. In this region, all women seem to be born with a needle in their hands."

There are whole towns devoted to one single industry—such as Carp, for instance, a town that exists on knitwear; or Empoli, where everybody is in the raincoat industry. A lot of the work is still farmed out. There are little workshops in the hills around Florence, in Pozzo, Arezzo, who knit away while taking care of the pigs and cows. Then, of course, Florence itself is a center of artisans.

Just walk down the street and in every hole in the wall there's somebody making something or other, including tomorrow's antiques, which is the biggest racket in the business.

"The largest manufacturers are in the North, which explains the need for buying offices in Milan, but the quality is reputedly higher in Florence," Mr. Connolly said.

"Florence also does a large business with shoes, bags and giftware. So the buyers who come to Florence, sometimes as often as four times a year, buy not only clothes but all kinds of accessories as well."

With prices going up in France, Italy has been doing better and better in the last ten years," Mr. Connolly said. "However, what with strikes and prices rising here as well, it is now the turn of Spain to make a dent into the market."

Rummage Sale Set

PARIS, April 8.—The spring rummage sale sponsored by the Women's Association of the American Church in Paris, 65 Quai d'Orsay, Paris 7, will take place on the church premises, from 2 to 6 p.m. Friday and from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturday.

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Cornfeld's Mother:

'I Don't Look on Bernie as A Financier, He's My Son'

By Robert E. Dallos

GENEVA.—There are two worlds at 218 Rue de Lancy, the large 19th-century castle built by Napoleon, now the home of international financier-playboy Bernard Cornfeld.

One is bachelor Cornfeld's world. It's a world of caviar and vodka, Greek, Cuban and Israeli, all-night parties, mini-skirted starlets and long-haired rock 'n' roll bands.

The second world belongs to Mrs. Cornfeld's 62-year-old mother, Sophie Cornfeld, who was transplanted from Brooklyn (via Los Angeles) five years ago. It's a world of genteel fish and fash with lemon and silent memories.

"If things get too noisy downstairs late at night," said the charming, tiny, bespectacled lady as she sat at her kitchen table the other day, "I just call downstairs and tell them to shut up."

Her Apartment

Little of the grandeur of the two floors below is noticeable in Mrs. Cornfeld's small apartment on the third floor.

Her son sleeps in a bedroom whose walls and ceiling are covered in bright red velvet, adorned with art objects collected on his worldwide travels.

Mrs. Cornfeld's walls are lined with pictures of her son in the old days in Brooklyn, the days before her son was worth more than \$100 million.

Bernard Cornfeld was a social worker in Philadelphia when he went on a European vacation 14 years ago. He never went home. From a one-room apartment in Paris, he began selling mutual funds to GIs. He did so well that he now heads a huge financial empire which sells life insurance, real estate and many other investments.

The Photographs

Taking a visitor by the hand, Mrs. Cornfeld leads him to a picture of her 13-year-old Cornfeld on his bar mitzvah day nearly 30 years ago. Next to that photo is another of Cornfeld in his Merchant Marine uniform. And in the living room of the three-room apartment is the picture of the graduating class of Public School 225 in Brooklyn taken in January, 1942.

Every now and then, she asks with tears in her eyes. "He was always a good boy. Now he's so busy, I seldom get to see him. Sometimes when he's in Geneva he comes up and we shmooze a little."

There's also the master's degree that Mr. Cornfeld received from the Columbia University School of Social Work. "You know how I got that?" Mrs. Cornfeld asks with a smile. "Well, when Bernie finished Brooklyn College, he said he had had enough of school. I wanted him to get his master's and, to make me happy, he continued school."

"I asked the pope what he was doing to help Israel," she recalls. "He bent over and whispered into my ear, 'We are friends now, Mrs. Cornfeld. And do you know—when we left, he put his fingers together and said shalom (the Hebrew word for peace). And do you know what, he said it three times.'"

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"When he got his degree he came home one day and tossed it to me. 'Here,' he said, 'is your degree. I got it for you.'"

Her Reactions

How does she feel, the mother of the founder of the giant Investors Overseas Services Ltd. and the head of one of the world's largest financial conglomerates?

"I don't look upon Bernie as a world financier," she said as she searched for the instant coffee in her small pantry. "He's my son, whom I want to give tender care. There was a time I would have liked to have had a daughter-in-law. But I've given up on this. I know he's too busy to get married."

Mrs. Cornfeld says she was long gone when she arrived in Geneva five years ago. She missed her friends back home. Though she hasn't been back to the United States since she moved here, many of her friends have come to visit her.

Her son has moved around. Little bit of Brooklyn to Geneva, much to the joy of his mother. It is the Jewish delicatessen which was opened recently on the ground floor of 115 Rue de Lausanne, the headquarters of IOS. Hot pastrami and salami are flown in daily from New York and rye bread is baked at a local bakery.

"Bernie had a few loaves flown in," says an IOS official. "We gave it to the baker here. He's crying, but he hasn't quite got it yet."

Aids Causes

Mrs. Cornfeld spends much of her time aiding favorite causes. She saves old newspapers and magazines and sends them once a month to a kibbutz in Israel but says she cut from a recent issue of Time magazine one story about her son which she didn't like.

"I didn't want them to read that kind of stuff in Israel," she said.

Mrs. Cornfeld, who speaks fluent German, Greek, Russian, Turkish, French and Yiddish, is helping to rebuild the Jewish Women's School in Vienna, which she attended as a girl on a scholarship. It was destroyed by the Nazis.

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Fed's 'Hawk' Softens View On Economy

N.Y. Bank Sees Easing Of Inflationary Push

By H. Erich Heinemann
NEW YORK, April 8 (NYT).—The Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which has long been the Federal Reserve System's principal "hawk" on the need for economic restraint, indicated yesterday that it had softened its view on the economy a bit.

In the April issue of its monthly review, the bank said that "the latest business news continues to indicate slowing in the U.S. economy."

The pressure of inflation—including "intense" labor cost pressure—still remains, the bank asserted. But it added that "passing of costs to buyers will become more difficult as demand pressures ease"—although "this easing has thus far had a minimal impact on inflation."

The Federal Open Market Committee, the Fed's chief policy-making body, held its regular tri-weekly meeting yesterday, and presumably Alfred Hayes, president of the New York Fed and vice-chairman of the committee, expressed views similar to those in this bank's monthly letter in addressing the committee.

The New York bank took note of the "sizeable increases" in business capital spending that are still expected and warned that the higher social security payments and ending of the 5 percent federal income tax surcharge on June 30 would be "adding to spendable income."

The bank also called attention to "noteworthy quickening" in the rate of monetary and credit aggregates during March. The bank did not say so, but most observers have interpreted this increase in the growth rate of money and credit as clear evidence of an easing in the Fed's policy of credit restraint.

The key interest rate on overnight loans between banks—the "federal funds" rate—had been primarily in the range of 7 percent to 8.5 percent during March, the bank observed, compared with 8.5 percent to 9 percent in February.

Among the factors that will be adding to the pressure of inflation, the bank pointed to the prospect of "further large contract agreements this year and recent sizeable wage settlements."

Goodrich Recalls Tires
AKRON, Ohio, April 8 (Reuters).—B. F. Goodrich said today it is recalling 42,655 passenger car tires in two sizes which were produced during the first eight months of 1968. The company said this was at the request of the National Highway Traffic Safety Bureau, which claimed that some of these tires did not meet safety standards.

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Gas Fuels East-West Competition

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

VIENNA (NYT).—Sitting on top of mammoth, newly-discovered reserves of natural gas, the Soviet Union and the Netherlands are locked in a struggle for the energy markets of Western Europe.

A Soviet offensive, which has taken the Dutch somewhat by surprise, has already won customers in Austria, southern Bavaria, and Italy. The Dutch have sewed up Belgium, West Germany as far as Stuttgart (which includes the industrially potent Ruhr), and France to Paris and the northeast.

The Royal Dutch Shell group and Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, which opened up the vast Groningen field in northern Holland, and their Dutch state partners, are now facing the Soviet state merchants in a battle for markets in the rest of France.

Patterns Being Shaped

Europe's energy supply patterns are being shaped for the next two decades in this contest which, in effect, pits two of the most powerful capitalist enterprises in the world against the Soviet Union.

Because Moscow is hawking part of the gas for urgently-needed steel pipe, and perhaps because it sees profits in a different perspective, the two corporations complain that they cannot always meet Soviet prices.

In addition to commercial considerations, East-West politics is a significant factor in the contest.

Deep Penetration in Austria

It is in Austria, whose state treaty guarantees neutrality and equal commercial advantages to the Russians, where Soviet gas had made its deepest penetration. The grids beneath Vienna's streets are already discharging gas from the Soviet Union, and in two years Soviet output will account for more than half of Austria's consumption.

Some concern has been expressed here over excessive reliance on Soviet energy supplies, but most observers believe that only a catastrophe would shut the pumps.

After concluding the negotiations with Austria in 1968, the Soviet Union, with its huge reserves from the Ukraine and western Siberia, moved in on the West Germans and Italians.

It was only after Socialist Willy Brandt became chancellor last October and instituted a policy of active rapprochement with the East bloc that the contract was signed.

Pay-With Steel Pipe

The German, Austrian and Italian contracts all provide for gas deliveries over 20 years with about one-third payment in steel pipe, which the Russians need for domestic movement of oil and gas to accelerate industrialization.

The Russians have no large-diameter pipe-making capacity, and as recently as four years ago the North Atlantic Treaty Organization still had pipe on its strategic embargo list. Its removal is a sign of the present thaw in East-West commercial relations.

For 50 billion cubic meters of natural gas over 20 years, pumped into southern Bavaria through Czechoslovakia, the Germans are paying about \$1 billion, of which one-third payment is represented by 1.2 million tons of 60-inch pipe.

Some specialists in the Netherlands believe that the Dutch should reduce their natural gas prices to widen their markets and compete more effectively. The two big companies do not find the idea attractive.

Gas from the Groningen fields is said to have certain advantages over the Soviet product. The methane content of the Dutch gas is higher, which makes it particularly useful for the chemical industry. In addition, the Dutch gas contains little or no sulphur, a chemical that pollutes the atmosphere.

Deutsche Bank Has Net Gain; Metallgesellschaft Profits Up

BERLIN, April 8 (Reuters).—Deutsche Bank's profit gain ran out of steam a bit toward the end of last year and the bank said today it does not expect 1970's business growth to match that of 1969.

Franz H. Ulrich, board spokesman for West Germany's second-largest bank, cited the effects of repatriation, of tightness in liquidity and general international financial conditions in making the projection.

Deutsche Bank showed a 15.4 percent jump in net profit for its 100th year, after running 20 percent ahead of 1968 results through the first ten months of 1969. Earnings totaled 150 million marks (\$49.98 million at current rates of exchange), up from 132 million marks in 1968.

The gain in bank assets, however, picked up, to 16 percent at the end of the year for a total of 29.1 billion marks (\$7.95 billion), after showing an 11 percent gain through the first ten months of the year.

The volume of credit at the bank climbed 25 percent in the year to a total of 20.8 billion marks (\$5.63 billion), as long-term credit outstanding soared 60 percent to 5.2 billion marks (\$1.42 billion).

In the first two months of 1970, however, assets rose only 4.2 percent to 30.29 billion marks (\$8.28 billion) compared with the year-earlier period, while the volume of credit inched up by 1 percent to 20.74 billion marks (\$5.57 billion).

Mr. Ulrich noted that credit growth has been curbed by the tightening of central bank policies but said he thought activity would pick up later in the year and should show a 10 percent gain over 1969.

Metallgesellschaft AG
FRANKFURT, April 8 (Reuters).—Metallgesellschaft AG said today net profits rose 17 percent in the first 10 months of 1969 to 48.4 million marks (\$13.22 million at current exchange rates) from 41.4 million a year earlier.

Group sales in the year ended Sept. 30 jumped 20 percent to 4.28 billion marks (\$1.33 billion) from 3.55 billion marks in fiscal 1968. The company said it is allocating 15 million marks (\$4.1 million) to reserves, after a 10-million-mark allocation the year before.

Metallgesellschaft said it will spend 1.15 billion marks (\$314.2 million) over the next five years to extend and modernize production facilities and ensure adequate sources of raw materials abroad.

This investment will be partly financed by 650 million marks in write-offs, 150 million marks from reserves and 150 million from capital increases.

Metallgesellschaft is also examining the possibility of a bond issue, a management spokesman added.

Thurmond Urges Linking Okinawa To Textile Issue
WASHINGTON, April 8 (NYT).—Sen. Strom Thurmond, R., S.C., said yesterday the island of Okinawa should not be returned to Japan unless the Japanese agree to limit their exports of textiles to the United States.

The senator, who represents a state heavily dependent on its textile industry, said the threat of Japanese imports "has reached critical proportions." He contended that a number of members of the Senate have grave doubts about the United States giving up the unrestricted use of Okinawa.

Nixon, Sato Agree
President Nixon and Premier Eisaku Sato of Japan agreed in November that Okinawa would be returned to Japan in 1972. The Senate has called on the President to make no final decision without senatorial advice and consent.

Meanwhile, negotiations between Japanese and U.S. representatives to restrict Japanese textile exports have become deadlocked and Sen. Thurmond has introduced legislation aimed at curbing the trade.

Sen. Thurmond's speech was the most explicit congressional demand yet for trying the two issues together.

Both the Nixon administration and the Japanese government have contended that while the issues affect overall U.S.-Japanese relations, they are not directly connected.

Sen. Thurmond, however, is a major political supporter of President Nixon, and State Department officials said his address would have a serious impact on U.S. relations with Japan.

IRS Implies Swiss Accord May Be Near

By Robert J. Cole

NEW YORK, April 8 (NYT).—The Swiss government, long reluctant to cooperate with U.S. law enforcement authorities on the subject of secret bank accounts, may now be willing to relent a little, Randolph W. Thorer, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, implied here yesterday.

Although he would speak only in the vaguest of terms, other sources close to the Nixon administration said that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) may soon be able to elicit details from the Swiss on the secret accounts of known criminals.

Mr. Thorer, who addressed the International Fiscal Association here, said in a brief interview that complete accord with the Swiss had not yet been reached but that discussions were continuing. He declined to elaborate.

In his prepared address, he turned secret bank accounts abroad into a matter of growing concern and noted that the IRS was seeking legislation to require that foreign bank accounts be reported on federal income tax returns next year.

"If we are successful in obtaining strong legislation, and with appropriate administrative steps," an allusion to a possible agreement with Switzerland, "the secret foreign bank account should lose much of its attractiveness as a device for tax evasion."

American Motors Sees 'Loss Year'

NEW YORK, April 8 (Reuters).—American Motors Corp. chairman Roy D. Chapin Jr. said today that "1970 will be a better year than 1969 in terms of unit sales but will not be a profitable year."

Mr. Chapin, addressing analysts, said last fall's strike cost production of 36,000 vehicles and \$23 million in earnings. AMC had a \$15.6 million loss in the quarter ended Oct. 31.

Other problems are the industry-wide cost-price squeeze, the problem of a product mix—the company is going to sell more cars but smaller and less profitable ones, and "the general economic climate in our industry."

He concluded that "1970 will be a loss year."

Kaiser Raises Aluminum Prices 1 Cent

Others Studying Move, Third in 15 Months

By Robert Walker

NEW YORK, April 8 (NYT).—Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Corp. announced tonight in Oakland, Calif., that it would raise the price of primary aluminum 1 cent to 29 cents a pound and would impose corresponding increases on fabricated products.

It was the third time in 15 months that Kaiser, the third largest U.S. aluminum producer, had taken the lead in a cent-a-pound increase. The latest move will be effective with orders of April 14 and shipments of May 10.

Reynolds Metals, the second largest producer, said it found the increase "eminently justified," but it took no immediate action, saying it would need time to "study details of the proposed changes."

Aluminum Co. of America, the leading producer, and Alcan Aluminum Ltd., the big Montreal-based concern, commented only that they were studying the action.

The increases followed closely on the moves in the last two weeks on a wide variety of metals, including steel bars, pipe and semi-finished shapes, primary copper and a wide range of copper-bearing alloys and fabricated items.

T.J. Ready Jr., Kaiser president, last week warned that increases could come at any time. Today, he repeated his contention that "every pound of available aluminum will be required to meet ferocious demand this year."

He also remarked that "the upward moves are necessary to help offset the effects of continuing inflation and rising costs, which are putting an increasing pressure on adequate profit levels."

Nixon to Name Businessman Head of Financial Study Unit

By Murray Seeger

WASHINGTON, April 8.—President Nixon will soon appoint Reed O. Hunt, retired president of Crown Zellerbach Corp., to head the administration's planned comprehensive examination of the nation's financial institutions.

Official designation of the 66-year-old businessman, expected later this week, will end a search of several months to find a chairman who could meet White House specifications for the job.

When the decision to name a commission was made early this year, White House officials determined the chairman should come from outside banking and should be from the West Coast. The top staff positions are also likely to be filled by Westerners.

"We thought that a think-tank type analysis could emanate best from the West Coast," one administration official said. "There is desire in the administration to emphasize the West Coast. There seems to be more of the old-fashioned American spirit out there."

To the White House, Mr. Hunt personifies the "self-made man" and the traditional American spirit. He had little formal education, going to sea as a youth and rising

to master of a ship, before joining Crown Zellerbach, primarily a producer of paper and wood products, in 1927. He became company president in 1959 and retired last year.

Mr. Hunt now lives near Seattle but was most active as an executive in San Francisco.

A key topic for the study will be the relationships between the many different kinds of banks and savings institutions. Because of the intense rivalries among these institutions, the administration wanted someone from outside the industry.

The President's Council of Economic Advisers in announcing the decision to form the commission said:

"The demands on our flow of national savings will be heavy in the years ahead and our financial institutions and financial structure must have the flexibility that will permit a sensitive response to changing demands."

Many authorities have noted that in periods like the present, one of tight money the banking system distributes available funds in such a way that some sectors of the economy such as housing and small business are financially starved.

Los Angeles Times

Computers Up, Industrials Hold

Wall Street Stalled, Awaiting Profit News

By Vartan G. Varian

NEW YORK, April 8 (NYT).—Computer stocks recovered somewhat today from their recent battering while leading industrial issues held to an even keel on the New York Stock Exchange.

Meanwhile, brokers and investors continued to await an important new determinant of the market's next trend—the flood of first-quarter earnings reports that will be issued in coming weeks.

Telex, the computer-equipment stock that has moved like a yo-yo, jumped 5 1/8 to 135 3/8. It has fluctuated sharply between last year's low of 20 3/4 and this year's high of 159 1/2.

Planning Research, the market's best percentage gainer today, rebounded 3 3/8 to 23 7/8. Elsewhere in the computer field, IBM climbed 4 to 234, while Burroughs and National Cash Register each added more than a point.

Corning Glass Works added 5 to 236 after a gain of 4 yesterday. The company has introduced a new display system for use with computers.

The Dow Jones industrial average continued its pattern of the last five sessions, in which it has shown only minimal changes. Today, the blue-chip barometer displayed absolutely no change, closing at 791.84.

Furthermore, none of the average's 30 components varied by as much as a single point. The widest move came in American Can, up 7/8 to 41 1/4. American Telephone slipped 1/4 to 51 3/4, while General Motors eased 3/8 to 73 1/8.

Volume rose slightly to 9.07 million shares from the previous 8.49 million shares.

Copper stocks with a stake in Peru were weak for the second day amid conjecture of a possible expropriation policy in the making there. American Smelting, down

a point to 31 1/8, led the active list. Cerro fell 1/2 to 23 3/8.

But Belpco Petroleum, an oil stock with interests in Peru, recouped 1 1/8 to 51 7/8 after plummeting 5 points as yesterday's biggest percentage loser.

Meanwhile, some investment advisory services tend to tread a cautious path. Moody's Investors Service said: "We advise investors to exercise restraint in committing any new funds to the market."

Moody's also noted: "With unsettled economic conditions and uncertainty about the extent of mon-

etary easing to come, fundamentals for a new bull market are not yet apparent."

But Argus Research Corp., which expects an improvement in sales of autos and other durables by late spring or summer, stated its opinion that "the stock market already has made its bottom for this cycle."

Kennecott, notching a new yearly high, rose 1 7/8 to 54 3/4. It has joined in the industry's latest price boost in increasing the price of copper by four cents a pound to 60 cents.

Securities Losses Depress First National City Earnings

NEW YORK, April 8 (Reuters).—First National City Corp., one-bank holding company for First National City Bank, reported a 7 percent gain in first-quarter operating earnings today, but a 6.7 percent profit decline after taking into consideration losses from the sale of securities.

Under a recent government ruling, banks must report losses from bad debts and sales of securities. Even with the change, however, Citibank had shown a 9.3 percent earnings gain in 1969.

In the first quarter of the year, Citibank said sales of securities resulted in a loss of \$4.36 million, compared with a \$98,000 loss in the category in the 1969 quarter.

First National City
First Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 34.24 32.12
Profits (millions).... 1.28 1.18
Per Share 0.56 0.50

* Excludes losses from sales of securities.

Crocker National
SAN FRANCISCO, April 8 (Reuters).—Crocker National Corp., one-bank holding company for Crocker-Citizens National Bank, said today higher interest paid on bank deposits and an anticipated decline in loan yields will put pressure on its second and third-quarter earnings. The company reported a 9

American Medical Enterprises
Half Year to Feb. 28 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 25.3 18.5
Profits (millions).... 1.7 1.01
Per Share 0.46 0.31

* 1969 figures were restated for acquisition.

Campbell Taggart Bakeries
Quarter to March 24 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 70.15 62.66
Profits (millions).... 2.38 1.7
Per Share 1.02 0.78

Keebler Co.
First Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 39.4 35.9
Profits (millions).... 0.47 0.38
Per Share 0.51 0.34

Owens-Corning Fiberglas
First Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 116.4 110.9
Profits (millions).... 5.3 4.8
Per Share 0.73 0.66

Riegel Textile Corp.
4th Quarter to March 26 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 38.45 38.61
Profits (millions).... 0.5 0.16
Per Share 0.20 0.06

First Half
Revenue (millions).... 76.17 75.17
Profits (millions).... 1.01 0.51
Per Share 0.4 0.12

Security Pacific NB, Los Angeles
4th Quarter to March 31 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 13.91 12.52
Profits (millions).... 0.83 0.75
Per Share 0.83 0.75

percent net gain for the first quarter.

"However, we expect a recovery of earnings capacity in the fourth quarter, so that results for the full year should be equal to, or moderately better than, 1969 results," Crocker-National said.

Crocker National Corp.
First Quarter 1970 1969
Assets (millions).... 5,400 4,800
Profits (millions).... 6.87 6.28
Per Share 0.56 0.50

Raytheon
LEXINGTON, Mass., April 8 (Reuters).—Raytheon Co. president Thomas L. Phillips, reporting a 1.4 percent increase in profits for the first quarter of the year, said today that earnings for 1970 are expected to "run ahead of 1969 in subsequent quarters and for the year as a whole."

Raytheon Co.
First Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 307.1 302.9
Profits (millions).... 8.81 8.2
Per Share 0.59 0.55

Celanese Corp.
NEW YORK, April 8 (Reuters).—Celanese Corp., showing a 14.7 percent drop in first-quarter profits, said today the downturn is expected to be short-lived.

Celanese president John W. Brooks said there is "some reason to believe that the economy will improve in the latter part of the year" and that the firm's profits would show a "marked improvement" as soon as the economy reverses.

He added that Celanese has divested itself of "serious profit drains," particularly in foreign operations, and is now in a financial position to carry out diversification through acquisitions.

Celanese Corp.
First Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 256.5 299.0
Profits (millions).... 15.7 18.4
Per Share 1.10 1.31

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| Fairch Hill | Pan Am Sal | Watson |

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Foreign Stock Indexes

| Index | Prev. | High | Low |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| London | 132.0 | 132.1 | 131.7 |
| Paris | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Frankfurt | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Amsterdam | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Brussels | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Stockholm | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Copenhagen | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Helsinki | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Oslo | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Stockholm | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Copenhagen | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Helsinki | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Oslo | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |

(All New, Old)

European Markets

| Index | Prev. | High | Low |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| London | 132.0 | 132.1 | 131.7 |
| Paris | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Frankfurt | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Amsterdam | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Brussels | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Stockholm | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Copenhagen | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Helsinki | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Oslo | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Stockholm | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Copenhagen | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Helsinki | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| Oslo | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |

(All New, Old)

New York Stock Exchange Trading

| Index | Prev. | High | Low |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| NYSE | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| AMEX | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| OTC | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| NYSE | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| AMEX | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| OTC | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| NYSE | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| AMEX | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| OTC | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| NYSE | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| AMEX | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |
| OTC | 128.0 | 128.1 | 127.9 |

(All New, Old)

International Bonds Traded in Europe

| Bond | Price | Yield |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| 10% US Govt | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Corp | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Govt | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Corp | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Govt | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Corp | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Govt | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Corp | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Govt | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Corp | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Govt | 100.00 | 10.00% |
| 10% US Corp | 100.00 | 10.00% |

(All New, Old)

ADVERTISMENT

The following are the latest rates of exchange for the major currencies of the world as of April 8, 1970.

U.S. Dollar = 1.00

British Pound = 2.25

French Franc = 6.55

German Mark = 3.36

Italian Lira = 2036.27

Japanese Yen = 360.71

Swiss Franc = 2.00

Canadian Dollar = 0.71

Australian Dollar = 0.71

New Zealand Dollar = 0.71

South African Rand = 2.00

Indian Rupee = 47.54

Pakistani Rupee = 47.54

Thai Baht = 50.00

Singapore Dollar = 0.71

Malaysian Ringgit = 0.71

Philippine Peso = 47.54

Indonesian Rupiah = 1000.00

Chinese Yuan = 2.00

Soviet Ruble = 16.70

Czech Koruna = 20.00

Polish Zloty = 47.54

Yugoslav Dinar = 20.00

Romanian Leu = 16.70

Bulgarian Lev = 16.70

Hungarian Forint = 20.00

Czech Koruna = 20.00

Polish Zloty = 47.54

Yugoslav Dinar = 20.00

Romanian Leu = 16.70

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American Stock Exchange Trading

| 1970 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in \$ | 1970 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in \$ | 1970 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in \$ | 1970 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in \$ |
|--|--|--|---|
| 4 1/2 Acme Hamill 4 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 | 30 1/2 ADMG 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 | 7 1/2 Buell 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 | 12 1/2 C 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2 |
| 15 1/2 Acme Prec 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 | 31 1/2 ADMG 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 | 13 1/2 Buell 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 | 13 1/2 C 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 |
| 14 1/2 Acme Inc 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 | 32 1/2 ADMG 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 | 14 1/2 Buell 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 | 14 1/2 C 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2 |
| 13 1/2 Acme Inc 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 | 33 1/2 ADMG 33 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2 | 15 1/2 Buell 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 | 15 1/2 C 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 |
| 12 1/2 Acme Inc 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2 | 34 1/2 ADMG 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 | 16 1/2 Buell 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2 | 16 1/2 C 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2 |
| 11 1/2 Acme Inc 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 | 35 1/2 ADMG 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 | 17 1/2 Buell 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 | 17 1/2 C 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 |
| 10 1/2 Acme Inc 10 1/2 10 1/2 10 1/2 10 1/2 | 36 1/2 ADMG 36 1/2 36 1/2 36 1/2 36 1/2 | 18 1/2 Buell 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 | 18 1/2 C 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 18 1/2 |
| 9 1/2 Acme Inc 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 | 37 1/2 ADMG 37 1/2 37 1/2 37 1/2 37 1/2 | 19 1/2 Buell 19 1/2 19 1/2 19 1/2 19 1/2 | 19 1/2 C 19 1/2 19 1/2 19 1/2 19 1/2 |
| 8 1/2 Acme Inc 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2 | 38 1/2 ADMG 38 1/2 38 1/2 38 1/2 38 1/2 | 20 1/2 Buell 20 1/2 20 1/2 20 1/2 20 1/2 | 20 1/2 C 20 1/2 20 1/2 20 1/2 20 1/2 |
| 7 1/2 Acme Inc 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 7 1/2 | 39 1/2 ADMG 39 1/2 39 1/2 39 1/2 39 1/2 | 21 1/2 Buell 21 1/2 21 1/2 21 1/2 21 1/2 | 21 1/2 C 21 1/2 21 1/2 21 1/2 21 1/2 |
| 6 1/2 Acme Inc 6 1/2 6 1/2 6 1/2 6 1/2 | 40 1/2 ADMG 40 1/2 40 1/2 40 1/2 40 1/2 | 22 1/2 Buell 22 1/2 22 1/2 22 1/2 22 1/2 | 22 1/2 C 22 1/2 22 1/2 22 1/2 22 1/2 |
| 5 1/2 Acme Inc 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 | 41 1/2 ADMG 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2 41 1/2 | 23 1/2 Buell 23 1/2 23 1/2 23 1/2 23 1/2 | 23 1/2 C 23 1/2 23 1/2 23 1/2 23 1/2 |
| 4 1/2 Acme Inc 4 1/2 4 1/2 4 1/2 4 1/2 | 42 1/2 ADMG 42 1/2 42 1/2 42 1/2 42 1/2 | 24 1/2 Buell 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 | 24 1/2 C 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 24 1/2 |
| 3 1/2 Acme Inc 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/2 | 43 1/2 ADMG 43 1/2 43 1/2 43 1/2 43 1/2 | 25 1/2 Buell 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 | 25 1/2 C 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 25 1/2 |
| 2 1/2 Acme Inc 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 | 44 1/2 ADMG 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2 44 1/2 | 26 1/2 Buell 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2 | 26 1/2 C 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2 |
| 1 1/2 Acme Inc 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/2 | 45 1/2 ADMG 45 1/2 45 1/2 45 1/2 45 1/2 | 27 1/2 Buell 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 | 27 1/2 C 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 46 1/2 ADMG 46 1/2 46 1/2 46 1/2 46 1/2 | 28 1/2 Buell 28 1/2 28 1/2 28 1/2 28 1/2 | 28 1/2 C 28 1/2 28 1/2 28 1/2 28 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 47 1/2 ADMG 47 1/2 47 1/2 47 1/2 47 1/2 | 29 1/2 Buell 29 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2 | 29 1/2 C 29 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 48 1/2 ADMG 48 1/2 48 1/2 48 1/2 48 1/2 | 30 1/2 Buell 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 | 30 1/2 C 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 30 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 49 1/2 ADMG 49 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2 | 31 1/2 Buell 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 | 31 1/2 C 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 50 1/2 ADMG 50 1/2 50 1/2 50 1/2 50 1/2 | 32 1/2 Buell 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 | 32 1/2 C 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 32 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 51 1/2 ADMG 51 1/2 51 1/2 51 1/2 51 1/2 | 33 1/2 Buell 33 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2 | 33 1/2 C 33 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 52 1/2 ADMG 52 1/2 52 1/2 52 1/2 52 1/2 | 34 1/2 Buell 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 | 34 1/2 C 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 53 1/2 ADMG 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2 | 35 1/2 Buell 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 | 35 1/2 C 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 35 1/2 |
| 1/2 Acme Inc 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 | 54 1/2 ADMG 54 1/2 54 1/2 54 1/2 54 1/2 | 36 1/2 Buell 36 1/2 36 1/2 36 1/2 36 1/2 | 36 1/2 C 36 1/2 36 1/2 36 1/2 36 1/2 |
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BOOKS

SUPERIOR PERSON: A Portrait of Curzon and His Circle in Late Victorian England.

By Kenneth Rose. Weybright & Talley. \$15.95. 414 pp. 1969.
Reviewed by Richard C. Wald

THERE is a little crowd of men whose lives seem great, quite above the rest of us, but whose sum in retrospect never actually reaches to greatness, to the position where what they have done matters after they are gone. Curzon is one of them, a cranky one at that.

In his own day—it was a long one, from the last quarter of the 19th century to the Treaty of Versailles, which he negotiated as British foreign secretary in 1919—he clearly was a superior person. For the time he was viceroy of India he may, indeed, have been the most superior person of the empire. But as Winston Churchill observed of him in one of those summaries of a life that are a biographer's delight, "The morning had been golden; the noon-time was bronze; and the evening lead. But all were solid and each was polished till it shone after its fashion."

What Kenneth Rose has written here is a portrait on the scale of the latter. It doesn't hide any of the blemishes, but it applies the standards of the man himself so that the emphasis, full of wit, wide reading and affection for "his circle in late Victorian England," is more on the polish than the mud. It is a beguiling portrait and after a while it seems quite natural that Curzon should be the kind of man who never called servants by their names, only their function, and could quite seriously say, "Housemaid, throw me the cushion."

The world he came from was cushioned, and small. Not everyone had everything, but there was a real aristocracy and it had a lot. Baron Scarsdale, his father, had land and the income from it, neither too large. But father was the fourth baron, the family had many branches and George was reared in Kedleston Hall, one of the greatest houses in England. It was at Eton that he began to distinguish himself as a prodigious worker, but not of the ordinary kind. He delighted in appearing indolent and proving diligent. He started the lifelong habit of working late into the night as a copious penman and researcher and he began cultivating the ever-widening gilded circle that surrounded him the rest of his life. He was charming; he was brilliant; he dragged the great Gladstone back to a schoolboy debate.

Only an unvarnished scholar, a scandal, cast a cloud over the golden years. ("It's the traditional, ancient, aristocratic vice of Eton," the mother of a contemporary said. "What do they know of it in those modern, sanitary, unoleum schools?")

He was a Balliol man when Ioweth was there. He won the best prizes and made the best friends. It was there the verse was written:

My name is George Nathaniel [Curzon]
I am a most superior person.
My cheek is pink, my hair is [bleak]
I dine at Blenheim once a [week].

He went from there to All Souls, one of the finest honors Oxford pays to scholarship, all the while preparing himself for a great role in the world by

polishing his debating technique and improving his mind with languages and travel. He was aiming to be viceroy from the time he was a schoolboy.

Like an elegant procession to the age of 40, his life unfolded amid parties and friends and occasional pain—he had a curvature of the spine that tortured him after his prolonged bouts of intensive work. The setbacks were temporary and petty. The advances were glorious and applauded. And yet there were always the hints of discourtesy, chilliness, condescension and total self-absorption that later marred his life. He was under-secretary at the Foreign Office to Lord Salisbury, one of the greatest prodigies of the age who, at the apogee of British power, believed in forbearance. But none of it rubbed off on Curzon. He remained a hawk on the frontiers of empire.

He always thought Orientals were somewhat inferior and he felt it was to their benefit if he told them so. His reign in India almost broke him. He started it believing in the value of the British Civil Service and of the Indian character; he ended in resignation after a monumental fight with Kitchener, reviling his countrymen, disillusioned in the capacities of his 300,000 subjects, half-convinced, apparently, that he was really the king of the subcontinent instead of the viceroy. His lasting contribution was to restore some of its architecture.

The leaden years then came upon him. He had been at the center of The Souls, a precious group of friends like a Bloomsbury among the aristocracy, but his friends were alienated by his manner. In retrospect, he was a little beside the deeper currents of his time—when Irish home rule agitated the land, he was worried about reform of the House of Lords; when empire needed accommodation, he offered himself. But he was acknowledged to be a great man, a hugely competent one whom Balfour felt it necessary to thwart, and his life was replete with honors and powers that were never quite enough. When he did indeed become foreign secretary, Lloyd George was prime minister, and Lloyd George kept all the power.

In May, 1923, the prime minister, Bonar Law, was ill. King George V had to ask a successor to form a cabinet. His own preference was for the aristocrat Curzon; Balfour persuaded him he had to take the man of the Commons, the representative of trade, Stanley Baldwin.

Kenneth Rose, richly equipped with anecdote and aside, deals with the small world that shaped Curzon, not the larger world he didn't shape. The last years are touched only lightly. It is a social documentary, not an analysis of power and diplomacy, a vivid and well-written account of the way things seemed to be in a bygone time.

Richard C. Wald, vice-president of news at NBC, wrote this review for Book World, literary supplement of The Washington Post.

CROSSWORD By Will Weng

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11 Impious one
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20 Roman goddess
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22 Household expense
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24 Place for corn
25 Mislay
26 Eye
27 Artery
28 Cupid
29 National park
34 Diminutive
36 Suffix
40 Settled
42 There isn't more
43 Fiest of only lightly
45 Antelope
46 Cloth
48 Poetic word
50 Outer faces
51 First-rate
52 Distant
53 Marquis abbreviation
55 Difficult
56 Math letters
57 Secondary reward

BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

South optimistically jumped to four hearts after West had opened the bidding with three diamonds. West continued to five diamonds, influenced by the vulnerability into breaking the rule that a player who has pre-empted should not take any further action.

North then jumped to six hearts, infected by the prevailing joie de vivre and no doubt expecting to find her partner with a rather strong hand. East's double concluded the auction.

The North-South hands offer rather poor play for a slam. It appears that the declarer needs an even trump break and a winning finesse in clubs. With the actual distribution, she seems doomed to fail, but South took full advantage of a defensive slip to make her contract.

West led the diamond king and South ruffed. She led to the club ace in dummy and led the singleton trump. East should have put up an honor, especially considering that she had tipped off the bad trump by doubling. However, she played low and South made the good play of inserting the nine.

The three high heart tricks were taken, and the declarer made another good guess by leading to the club king, dropping East's queen. She continued clubs and East refused to ruff with her remaining trump because she did not wish to have to lead away from the spade king.

But this reprieve was only

temporary. After winning all the club tricks, South simply ruffed a diamond and led her last trump. East had to win with her last trump and lead away from the spade king to give South her doubled slam contract.

NORTH
♠ A842
♥ 2
♦ J1072
♣ AKJ9
EAST
♠ K10973
♥ H10854
♦ Q
♣ Q6
SOUTH
♠ Q5
♥ AKQ9763
♦ 8543
♣ 1072

North and South were vulnerable. The bidding:
West North East South
3♦ Pass Pass 1♥
5♦ 6♥ Double Pass
Pass Pass
West led the diamond king.

Solution to Previous Puzzle
DOWN
1. ANITA
2. SHIRAZ
3. ERIK
4. ALICE
5. MIRIAM
6. TIA
7. SYLVIA
8. CHERRIE
9. TARA
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100. TARA

DENNIS THE MENACE



"BOY! MR. WILSON IS EVEN CRABBIER AT NIGHT THAN HE IS IN THE DAYTIME!"

JUMBLE that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

RITLA **KALOC** **NAMLEE** **TOLBEC**

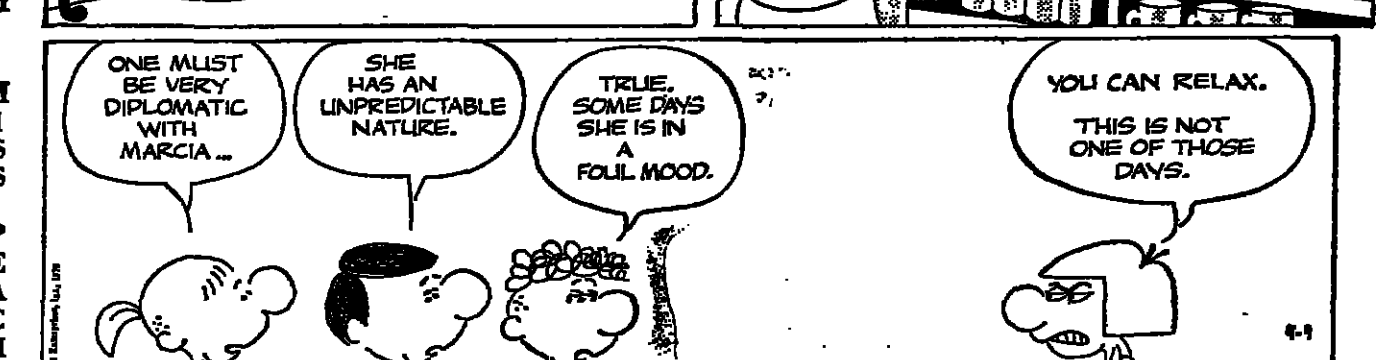
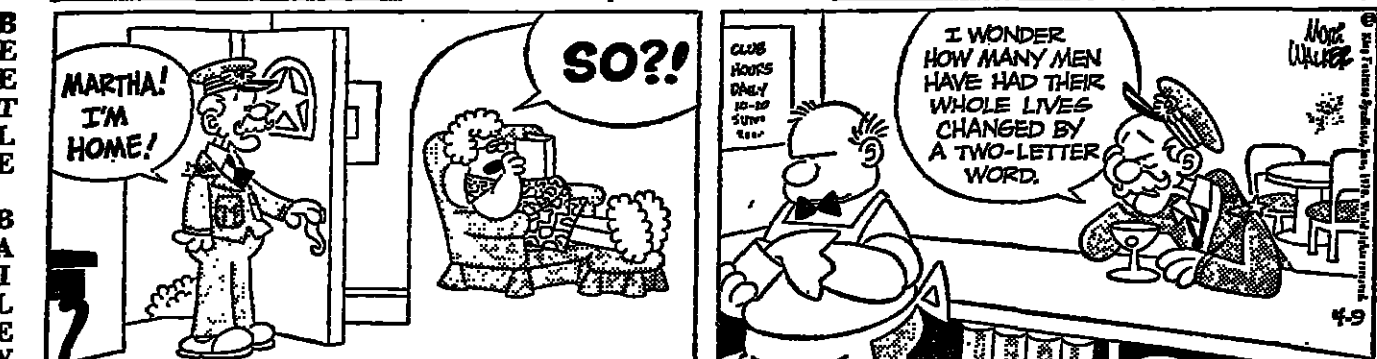
You need a combination of tact and art to do this successfully.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

Yesterday's Jumbles: ARDOR KNIFE SATIRE RECTOR
Answer: Where some guys get bright ideas—IN DARK CORNERS

PEANUTS



Allen's Debut: Homer, 2 Doubles

Cards, on 5 in 9th, Top Expos, 7-2

MONTREAL, April 8 (AP)—Richie Allen, slugging a homer and two doubles in his St. Louis debut today, and the Cardinals scored five runs in the ninth for a 7-2 victory to ruin Montreal's opening day in 70-degree weather.

Allen, acquired from Philadelphia last fall, scored the first Card run after doubling in the fourth, tied the game 2-2 with a homer in the eighth and drove in two more with a ninth-inning double as the Cardinals opened their season.

Leron Lee opened the ninth with a single and moved to second on Joe Hagge's sacrifice. Julian Javier's third single of the game scored Lee, chasing loser Bill Stoneman. Carroll Sembers took over for the Expos, only to be greeted by Dal Maxvill's run-scoring double.

Winning pitcher Bob Gibson walked and Lou Brock doubled home Maxvill. Then Allen doubled down the left field line, scoring Gibson and Brock.

The Expos delighted the crowd of 31,179 by hoping Gibson for two runs in the first inning. Marv Staehle singled, Rusty Staub walked and Ron Fairly and Coco Laboy followed with run-scoring singles.

Gibson allowed only two more hits and finally stepped out to let Chuck Taylor pitch the ninth inning.

Allen doubled in the fourth and scored on Hagge's single for St. Louis's first run.

Orlando 3, Indians 2

Mark Belanger's two-run single capped a three-run Baltimore sport in the second inning and led the Orioles to a second straight victory, 3-2, over Cleveland. Mike Cuellar, who posted a 23-11 record last year for the American League champions, scattered five hits for the victory. The only Indian run came on Tony Horton's home run in the fourth and on pinch-hitter Larry Brown's triple and Eddie Leary's sacrifice fly in the eighth. Belanger's hit drove home Cuellar and Don Buford, who had moved up on a passed ball by starter and loser Barry Moore.

Angels 6, Brewers 1

Outfielder Bill Voss drove in four runs with a triple, two doubles and a single to pace California to a 6-1 victory over Milwaukee. The left-handed hitting Voss singled home the Angels' first run in the first, doubled home a run in the third and tripled to drive in a run in the eighth. His ninth-inning double accounted for another run.

Milwaukee scored its first run in the seventh when Tommy Harper walked, stole second and scored on a double by Russ Snyder.

Tom Murphy picked up his first

Major League Standings

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LA CALAVADOS

JOE TURNER - LOS LINDOS

LA CALAVADOS

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JOE TURNER - LOS LINDOS

victory, but only with relief from Rudy May and Ken Tatum in the seventh. Tatum struck out rookie Dan Walton with runners on first and third to end the inning.

A crowd of 7,375 watched the Brewers and their first home stand.

Reds' Ryan Stops

Dodgers on 2 Hits, 4-0

NEW YORK, April 8 (Special)—Major league baseball went into full swing yesterday, and after two games, there is a disconcerting trend to be discerned for the rivals of the Cincinnati Reds in the National League's Western Division.

The Reds, everybody acknowledged, are a power-laden team. Their pitching, however, was listed as questionable. But last night, 21-year-old Gary Nolan, who has been hampered by a sore arm for the last two years, pitched a two-hitter as Cincinnati spoiled the Dodgers' opener at Los Angeles, 4-0.

On Monday, Jim Merritt pitched a no-hitter for 6 1/3 innings before

setting for a three-hit, 5-1 victory over Montreal at Cincinnati.

Ryan, a fireballing right-hander, lost his no-hitter in the fourth inning at Los Angeles when Willie Crawford got a two-out, bad-hop single that rookie shortstop Dave Concepcion couldn't handle.

Meanwhile, the Reds rattled ten singles off Dodger 20-game winner Claude Osteen in eight innings. Tony Perez drove in Tommy Helms the first two times up to pace the attack.

Other late Tuesday games, by UPI:

Astros 8, Giants 5

Norm Miller's three-run seventh-inning homer and effective relief pitching by Fred Glading carried Houston to an 8-5 victory over San Francisco. With the Giants ahead, 3-2, Miller pinch-hit for starting pitcher Larry Dierker and dropped his homer over the 335-foot sign in left field following a single by Tommy Davis and a walk to Doug Rader. Willie Mays, 39

next month and playing in his

at Detroit is Elliott Maddox, an infielder who was the Tigers' first pick in the 1968 free-agent draft.

Maddox at almost every position during the spring games.

Bill Rigney has been conducting a tryout camp in left field with his Minnesota Twins. Jim Holt, a 336-hitter on the New York farm last year, may be the best.

Ron Northey's, 23-year-old son, Scott Northey, gave it a good hustle for the center-field post with Kansas City, while Amos Otis, a former Met super rookie, was ailing.

Northey is in the minors but should return soon. Otis cost the Royals Joe Foy. Bob Johnson, with a 13-4 won-loss record at Memphis who came from the Mets in the same deal, also is getting a good look.

De Cadeniz, the manager of the Chicago White Sox, liked what he saw of John Matias at first base. Matias, a Honolulu native, won his spurs by hitting .314 at Tucson last year.

Dave Cash, a fine looking infield prospect, has a chance with the Pittsburgh Pirates, depending on how Bill Mazeroski and Gene Alley stand up. Vernon Lee, an outfielder, and St. Camille, a relief pitcher, may make it with St. Louis.

From last reports, the San Diego Padres liked what they had seen of Dave Campbell, a former Detroit Tiger. The rookie second baseman came to the Padres with Pat Dobson, pitcher, last December for Joe Niekro, a pitcher.

Carlo Carbo Good

Cincinnati has a fine-looking pair, too, in Bernie Carbo in left field and Dave Concepcion at shortstop, plus Wayne Simpson, who will be a starting pitcher. Carbo, a 259-slugger at Indianapolis, won the left-field job, left open when Alex Johnson was traded to the California Angels. Concepcion, a slender Venezuelan with only two years of pro ball behind him, beat out Woody Woodward, Darrel Chaney and Frank Duffy for the shortstop job. Simpson showed the stuff at Indianapolis and in Puerto Rico during the winter to move into the rotation of the pitching-poor Reds. It is nothing new to hear the Los Angeles Dodgers raving about rookies.

After the success of Ted Sizemore last year, it may pay to listen. Bill Buckner, 20 years old, is moving into the outfield picture after a .315 batting average at Spokane and Steve Garvey, 21, is making a strong bid for the third-base job on the strength of a hot bat.

"Except for Frank Howard, we consider Garvey the best power prospect in raw potential that we have had," said Al Campanis, the Dodgers vice-president in charge of player personnel.

Rookie in Khaki

Perhaps the best rookie of all isn't even in a baseball uniform. That would be Ted Simmons, the St. Louis Cardinals' 20-year-old catching prospect, who won't return from his Army Reserve until May. Manager Red Schoendienst has Simmons penciled in as his No. 1 catcher, possibly this year.

The illness of Mike Shannon has forced the Cardinals to shuffle talent, trying Joe Torre, a catcher, at third base. Carl Taylor has limited experience as a catcher so young Simmons may go right to work behind the plate as soon as he reports and takes a short chance down town in the minors.

At the end of the year the overall winner will take 15 percent—an estimated \$5,000 (\$10,000)—the runner-up 13 percent and the third-place man 10 percent.

On the strength of his hitting in the exhibition games, John Mayberry, a 6-foot-4-inch, 225-pound rookie, may be Houston's regular first baseman. Although the Astros traded for Joe Pepitone, a former Yankee, they have been playing Pepi in right field and using Mayberry at first. He hit one ball far over the right-field fence at the Astros' Cocos, Fla., park that they still are talking about it.

Boston has moved Luis Alvarado from shortstop to third base to fit him into the Red Sox infield. Although the 5-8, 170-pound Puerto Rican was the most valuable player and rookie of the year at Louisville in the International League in 1969, the Red Sox already had a shortstop, Rico Petrocelli.

In addition to having seen of Ron Klinekowsky, a 6-2 right-hander who won 15 games at Syracuse last year, Frank Tepedino and Jim Wylie, outfielders, also have impressed manager Ralph Houk at bat.

The rookie with the best chance

of making it is the one who has

been in the minors the longest

and has the most experience

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